Social Science Holidays Homework Class 8th

Projects For summer Vacations;-

- 1. Make a project on the topic "Tribals, Dikus and the vision of a Golden age" using the following guide points:-
- (a) Tribal occupation
- (b) Tribal life under British Rule.
- (c) Tribal Revolts
- (d) Role of Birsa Munda

Project should be made in a project file. Paste pictures relevant to the topic.

OR

- 2. Study the "Revolt of 1857" and make a project. Focus should be laid upon the following;
- (a) Causes of revolt
- (b) Outbreak of the revolt
- (c) Why the revolt failed?
- (d)Result of the revolt.

Make it in a Project file and paste Pictures relevant to the topic .Presentation should be neat .

OR

Refer to the internet and your text book of history and study the topic 'Marginalized groups and social justice'. Make a project using the following points:

- (a) Forms of social inequality Caste System, Untouchability, Adivasis etc.
- (b)How social status affects Economics status?
- (c) Social justice and the Indian constitution
- (d)Laws to help the marginalized

Use a project file for this and also Paste relevant pictures.

OR

- 4. Make a project on' Changes in Art and Architecture under the colonial rule':-
- (a) Art, Painting, literature, Theatre, Music, Dance etc.
- (b) Architecture Grand structures made by British, commercial centre, monuments etc.

This is to be done in a project file, also paste Pictures relevant to the topic and make it in a presentable form.

I Term History Assignment

CHAPTER-1 -How, when and where?

- 1. What is meant by colonization?
- 2. What is Periodisation? Why is it useful?
- 3. Do you think history consists of dates only? Explain your answer.
- 4. Why did the British build Record rooms in the administrative centers?
- 5. On what criterion did James Mill divide Indian history into Hindu, Muslim and British? What is the problem with this Periodisation?
- 6. What is an archive?
- 7. Name the sources used by Indian historians to study the past.
- 8. Why did the British carry out surveys?
- 9. Who were the first governor general and the last viceroy of India?
- 10. Why is the term 'modern age' as given by British historians not applicable to India?

CLASS - VIII

TERM-I

CIVICS ASSIGNMENTS

CHAPTER:1- THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

- 1. Why does a democratic country need a constitution?
- 2. Explain the meaning of a welfare state.
- 3. How is the preamble an important part of the constitution?
- 4. Explain the work 'Justice' as given in the constitution of India.
- 5. What is meant by fraternity?
- 6. Explain the meaning of 'Federalism'.
- 7. Explain how the 'separation of powers' works in India.
- 8. Why are election important in a Democracy?
- 9. What are the 'Directive principles of State Policy'?
- 10. Name and explain the six fundamental rights.

CHAPTER:2- UNDERSTANDING SECULARISM

- 1. What kind of State is called a Secular State?
- 2. Why have certain things done in the name of religion been declared illegal in India?
- 3. Why is secularism important for India's unity'?
- 4. What strategies are adopted by Indian State to prevent religious domination?
- 5. In what ways is Indian secularism different from other democratic countries?
- 6. Mention one step taken by the Indian government to protect citizens from discrimination by members of their own religion.
- 7. Why do we say that India is a Secular State?
- 8. 'Cultural and Educational Rights' protect the minorities. Explain.

CLASS - VIII

GEOGRAPHY ASSIGNMENTS

CHAPTER: 1- RESOURCES

	I LIX. I	RESOURCES			
1.	Fill in the blanks:-				
	i.	The force of falling water is used to generate	·		
	ii.	Land, water and soil are	resources.		
	iii.	The non-renewable resources are also called	resources.		
	iv.	Human beings use and	to develop resources.		
2.	Distinguish between the following:-				
	i.	Natural and human made resources.			
ii. Biotic and abiotic resources.					
	iii.	Potential and developed resources.			
	iv.	Ubiquitous and localized resources.			
3.	Give s	hort answer (in 60-70 words) for these question	ons:-		

- 3
 - i. How is resource different from gifts of nature?
 - ii. What are the factors that determine the utility of any natural resource?
 - Human beings are an important resource. Justify this statement. 111.
 - Define conservation of resources sustainable development. iv.
 - Why is conservation of resource essential? V.
 - Why is the distribution of resources unequal once the earth? vi.
 - Explain the 3 'R's with examples. vii.
 - Explain the principles of sustainable development? viii.

- 1. How different human activities cause soil erosion
- 2. How soil erosion adversely affects the environment.
- 3. Why is three uneven distribution of population in the world?
- 4. What are common property resources?
- 5. What are the major threats to the exerjepped?
- 6. What are the various factors which load to soil formation?
- 7. 'Draw and explain the water cycle.
- 8. What is Rain water harvesting?
- 9. How are the forests classified?
- 10. Write a short note on "CITIES", what steps have been taken up by the government to safe guard the endangered wild life?

CHAPTER-3

MINERALS AND POWER RESOURCES

1.	Fill in the blanks:-
i.	is the main crop cultivated in hot and humid regions.
ii.	agriculture is mostly practiced in the prairies.
2.	How can minerals be identified?
3.	Explain the different types of minerals?
4.	Explain the classification of minerals?
5.	How are the minerals refracted?
6.	Differentiate between metallic and non-metallic minerals?
7.	Name the three types of rocks? Give one example of each?
8.	What are the uses of minerals?
9.	How are the minerals conserved?
10	. Explain the various power resources?
11	. How is petrol formed? Name any two products of petroleum.
12	. What is Hydroelectricity? How is it produced?
13	. Name some source water projects in India?
14	. Which company is the greatest producer of nuclear power in the world?

15. What is bio gas? How is it obtained? What are its uses?

CHAPTER-4

AGRICULTURE

1. Gi	ve geographical terms for the following:-					
i.	Domesticating animals and moving with them in search of search of fodder and water					
	.					
ii.	Cultivation of crops and reasing of livestock done on the same load					
iii.	Growing crops without use of chemicals					
iv.	Genetic modification of seeds to make them were resistance to diseases					
2. Ex	plain the following:-					
i.	Nomadic heading.					
ii.	Shifting agriculture					
iii.	Mined forming					
iv.	Plantliok agriculture.					
3. Di	stinguish between:-					
i.	Secondary and tertiary cultivates.					
ii.	Commercial grain farming and plantation agriculture.					
iii.	Periculleese and pisciculare					
iv.	Define agricultural development? How can't be achieved.					

How is an Indian former different than a farmer of US?

V.

CHAPTER-5 INDUSTRIES

1.	Give 2 examples of the follow	ving in the space provi	ded:-
i.	Raw materials	and	·
ii.	End produces	and	·
iii.	Jactiary aetioties	and	·
iv.	Ageo based industries	and	·
V.	Cottage industries	and	
vi.	Cooperatives	and	·
2.]	Distinguish between the follo	wing:-	

- i. Ageo based and mineral based industing.
- ii. Public sector and joint sector industry.
- 3. Explain the leather manufacturing and industry with examples.
- 4. What is an industry system? Explain the different aspects of on industrial system are examples.
- 5. What are the pits, processes and oil puts of Leon and steel industry?
- 6. What do you understand by the term prevention ichthyology?
- 7. Classify the industries on basis of low materials used, their size and shipwrite examples.
- 8. Explain the factors which influence the location of industries?
- 9. Why are leon and steel important for the growth of codex canalization?
- 10. Why is Ahmedabad referred to as the 'Manchesles of India'?

CHAPTER-6

HUMAN RESOURCES

1.	Give geographical terms for the following:-		
i.	The numbers of two breaks per 1000 people		
ii.	The number of deaths per 1000 people		
iii.	Movement of people within and in and out of a country		
iv.	People who house to broke country.		
V.	The difference between birth rate and death rate		
2. Answer the following question:-			
i.	Describe the distribution of population in the world.		
ii.	List the geographical factors that are responsible for the distribution of population.		
iii.	Explain population explosion.		
iv.	Why are lives valleys densely populated?		

- iv. why are lives valleys densely populated?
- 3. Why developing countries have high rate of population growth?
- 4. Write a short note on change of population?
- 5. What is the difference in the population pyramid between a developed and an underdeveloped country?
- 6. Explain the factors which affect the distribution of population?
- 7. Define density of population, birth rate, death rate, actual population growth, age composition sex ratio.
- 8. Why do you think people mostly migrate from rural to urban areas.
- 9. Why do you think human beings are considered a resource?
- 10. What are the objectives of Human Resource Development ministry? Who is the called HRD Minister?